

## Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX-20KM

RoHS Compliant 1.25Gbps 850nm 550m Multimode, SFP Optical Transceiver



#### **Product Description:**

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 1.25Gbps and 550m transmission distance with MMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a VCSEL laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

#### **Features:**

- 850nm VCSEL laser and PIN photodetector
- Up to 1.25Gbps data rate operation
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface
- ♦ 500m transmission with 50/125µm MMF
- ♦ 300m transmission with 62.5/125µm MMF
- Very low EMI and excellent ESD protection
- ◆ +3.3V single power supply
- RoHS compliant
- Case operating temperature

Commercial: 0°C to +70°C

Extended: -10°C to +80°C

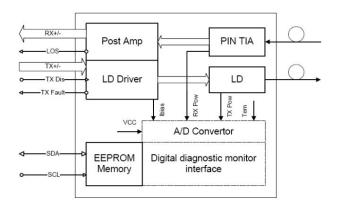
Industrial: -40°C to +85°C



## **Applications:**

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

# **Functional Diagram:**



# Ordering information:

Product part Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Media	Wave- length (nm)	Transmission Distance (km)	_	erature Range case)(℃)
Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX- 20KM	1250	Multi mode fiber	850	<2	0~70	commercial
Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX- 20KM	1250	Multi mode fiber	850	<2	- 10~8 0	extended
Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX- 20KM	1250	Multi mode fiber	850	<2	- 45~8 5	industrial



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.60	V	_
Storage Temperature	_	-40	85	${\mathbb C}$	_
Relative Humidity	_	5	85	%	_

Note: Stress in excess of the maximum absolute ratings can cause permanent damage to the module.

# **General Operating Characteristics:**

Pa	Parameter		Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Notes
Data Bata	Gigabit Ethernet	_	_	1.25	_	Cl. /-	
Data Rate	Fiber Channel	_	_	1.0625	_	Gb/s	-
Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.1	3.3	3.5	V	_
Supply Current		Icc	_	_	220	mA	_
Operating Case Temperature			0	_	70		
		Тс	-10	_	80	${\mathbb C}$	_
			-45	_	85		

# **Electrical Input/Output Characteristics:**

### • Transmitter:

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Notes
Diff. Input Voltage	Swing	_	300	_	1600	mVpp	1
Tr. Diaghla Innut	Н	$V_{\mathrm{IH}}$	2.0	_	Vcc+0.3	V	
Tx Disable Input	L	$V_{\rm IL}$	0		0.8	V	-
Tr. Foult Outrot	Н	$V_{\mathrm{OH}}$	2.0	_	Vcc+0.3	V	2
Tx Fault Output	L	$V_{OL}$	0	_	0.5	V	2
Input Diff. Impeda	ance	Zin	_	100	_	Ω	_



#### • Receiver:

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Notes
Diff. Output Voltage Swing		-	400	-	1000	mVpp	3
Rx LOS Output	Н	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.0	-	Vcc+0.3	V	2
KA LOS Output	L	$V_{ m OL}$	0	_	0.8	•	2

Note 1) TD+/- are internally AC coupled with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

Note 2) Tx Fault and Rx LOS are open collector outputs, which should be pulled up with 4.7k to  $10k\Omega$  resistors on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V.

Note 3) RD+/- outputs are internally AC coupled, and should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.

## **Optical Characteristics:**

#### • Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Notes
Ave. Output Power (Enable)	Po	-10	_	0	dBm	1
Total Jitter	1.25G	-	_	0.431	UI	_
Extinction Ratio	ER	9	_	_	dB	1
Rise/Fall Time (20%-80%)	Tr-Tf	_	_	0.26	ns	2
Wavelength Range	-	840	850	860	nm	-
Spectral Width (RMS)	0.65 nm				_	
Output Optical Eye		Compliant with IEEE802.3 z (class 1 laser safety)				



#### Receiver:

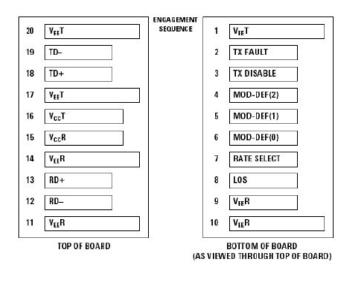
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Wavelength	_	770	_	860	nm	_
Sensitivity	Pimin	_	_	-18	dBm	3
Min. Overload	Pimax	0	_		dBm	3
Total Jitter	1.25G	_	_	0.749	UI	_
LOS Assert	Pa	-35	_	_	dBm	_
LOS De-assert	Pd	_	_	-19	dBm	_
LOS Hysteresis	Pd-Pa	0.5	_	6	dB	_

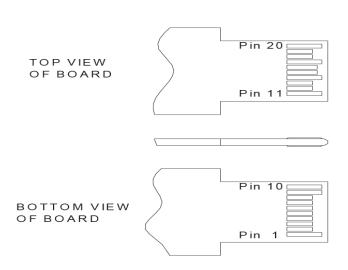
Note 1) Measured at 1250 Mb/s with PRBS 2<sup>7</sup> – 1 NRZ test pattern.

Note 2) Unfiltered, measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

Note 3) Measured at 1250 Mb/s with PRBS  $2^7 - 1$  NRZ test pattern for BER  $< 1x10^{-12}$ 

#### **Pin Definitions and Functions:**







PIN#	Name	Function	Notes
1	VeeT	Tx ground	_
2	Tx Fault	Tx fault indication, Open Collector Output, active "H"	Note 1
3	Tx Disable	LVTTL Input, internal pull-up, Tx disabled on "H"	Note 2
4	MOD-DEF2	2 wire serial interface data input/output (SDA)	Note 3
5	MOD-DEF1	2 wire serial interface clock input (SCL)	Note 3
6	MOD-DEF0	Model present indication	Note 3
7	Rate select	No connection	_
8	LOS	Rx loss of signal, Open Collector Output, active "H"	Note 4
9	VeeR	Rx ground	_
10	VeeR	Rx ground	_
11	VeeR	Rx ground	_
12	RD-	Inverse received data out	Note 5
13	RD+	Received data out	Note 5
14	VeeR	Rx ground	_
15	VccR	Rx power supply	_
16	VccT	Tx power supply	_
17	VeeT	Tx ground	_
18	TD+	Transmit data in	Note 6
19	TD-	Inverse transmit data in	Note 6
20	VeeT	Tx ground	_

Note 1) When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. And should be pulled up with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{K}\Omega$  resistor on the host board.

Note 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0V~Vcc+0.3V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

Note 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be between  $2.0V \sim Vcc + 0.3V$ .

Mod-Def 0 has been grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Note 4) When high, this output indicates loss of signal (LOS). Low indicates normal operation.



Note 5) RD+/-: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

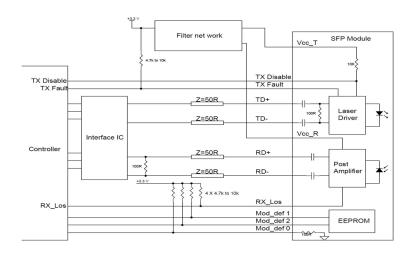
Note 6) TD+/-: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

### **Diagnostics:**

### **Diagnostics Specification**

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70 -40 to +85	°C	±3°C	Internal/ External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal/ External
Bias Current	2 to 15	mA	±10%	Internal/ External
TX Power	-13 to 1	dBm	±3dB	Internal/ External
RX Power	-21 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal/ External

## **Typical Interface Circuit:**





# **Ordering Information & Related Products**

Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX-20KM	Dual Fiber SFP, 1.25Gbps, 850nm, 550M, without DDM
Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX-20KM-DDM	Dual Fiber SFP, 1.25Gbps, 850nm, 550M, with DDM



# **Technical Specification of**

# **TYPE: Sepitam-SFP1G-MM-DX-20KM**

# شركت سپيتام

